

Robust Transport for Lossy MANETs

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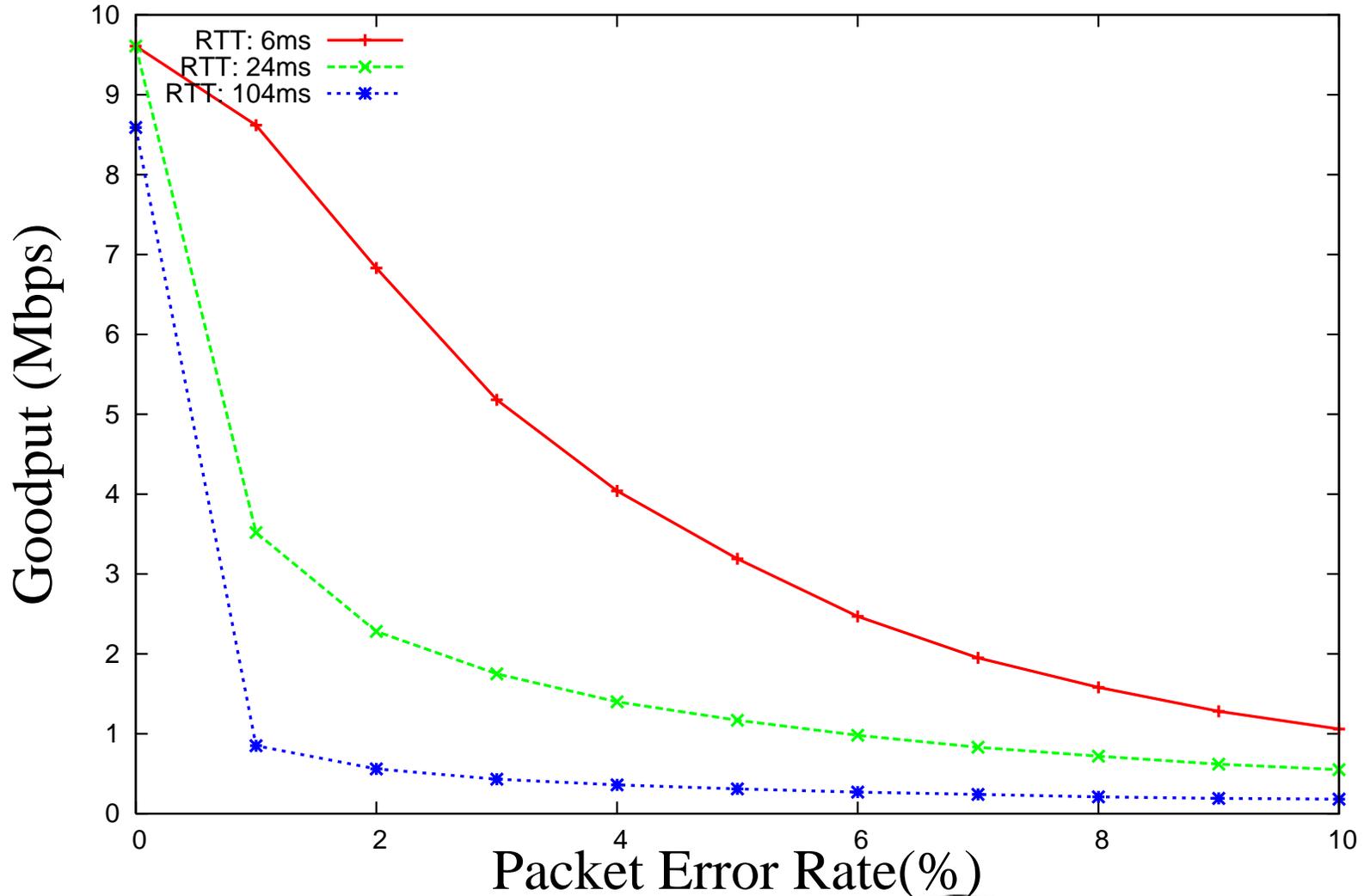
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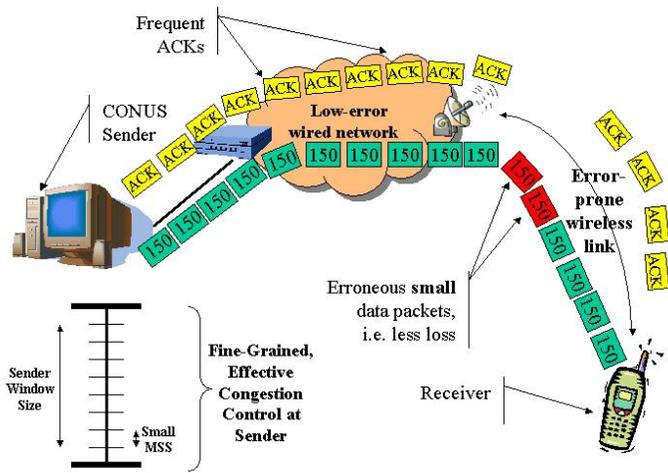
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TCP/SACK Performance w/ Erasures

Degradation of SACK with PER

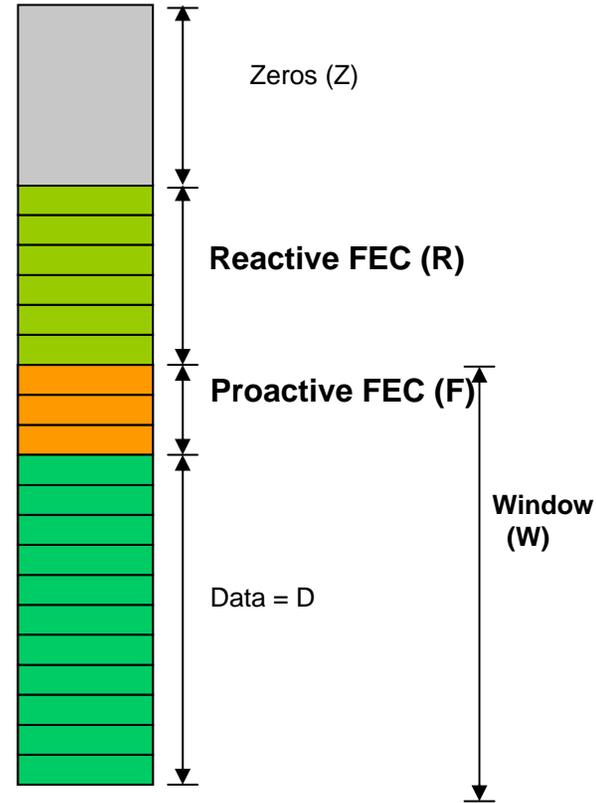


Building Blocks



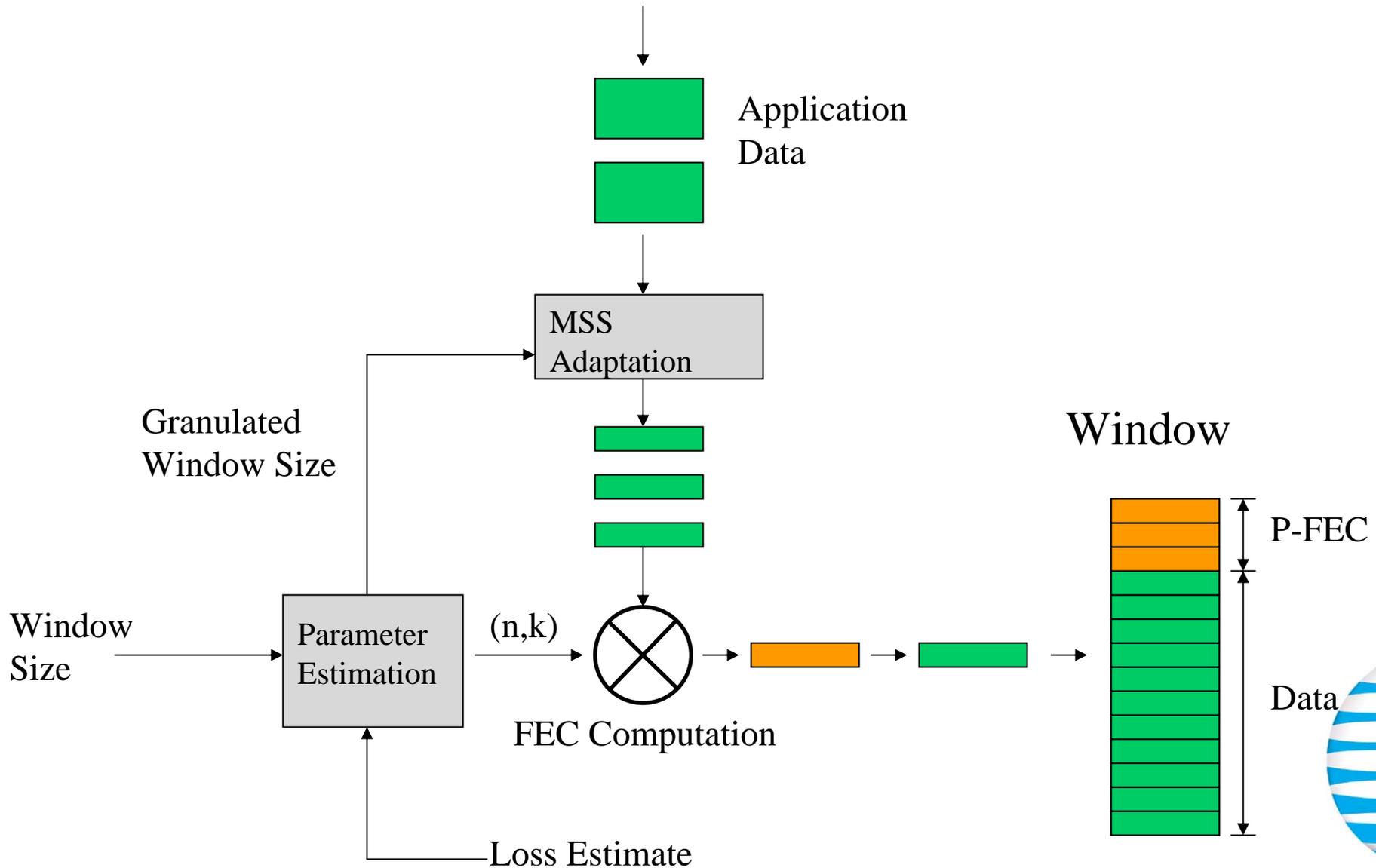
Adaptive MSS

RS(N,K)



Proactive and Reactive FEC

The LT-TCP Framework



Performance Results: 10 Mbps bottleneck

SACK: Uniform vs Bursty Errors

PARAMETER	ERROR RATE					
	0 percent	10 percent	20 percent	30 percent	40 percent	50 percent
Goodput(Mbps)	9.158	1.098	0.233	0.048	0.01	0.003807
Number of Timeouts	0	267	287	135	52	26
Throughput (Mbps)	9.52	1.272	0.306	0.073	0.018	0.007984

TABLE II

TCP-SACK W/ ERASURES: TCP GOODPUT AND THROUGHPUT, THOUGH ACCEPTABLE AT 0% PER, DRAMATICALLY REDUCES A 10% PER. FEWER TIMEOUTS AT HIGHER PER REFLECT LONGER TIME SPENT IN EACH TIMEOUT DUE TO TIMER-BACKOFF (KARN'S

ALGORITHM).

PARAMETER	ERROR RATE			
	0 %	10 %	20 %	30 %
Sender Throughput (Mbps)	9.987	3.80	1.60	0.71
Receiver Throughput (Mbps)	9.986	3.45	1.35	0.55
Goodput(Mbps)	9.602	3.23	1.21	0.48
95% CI Lower Bound (Goodput)	9.600	2.46	1.07	0.31
95% CI Upper bound (Goodput)	9.602	3.99	1.36	0.65
Number of Timeouts	0	763	782	579

LT-TCP: Uniform vs Bursty Errors

MULTI-SOURCE PARAMETER	ERROR RATE					
	0 percent	10 percent	20 percent	30 percent	40 percent	50 percent
Number of Timeouts	0	2.64	9.28	17.1	51.5	137
Goodput(Mbps)	9.56	6.76	5.42	4.34	3.45	2.74
Throughput(Mbps)	9.99	8.99	7.99	6.98	5.97	4.91
Number of ECNs	456	518	532	581	672	572
Proactive FEC Used (%)	0	15	25	35	46	56
Reactive FEC Used (%)	0	12	16	21	24	25

TABLE II

LT-TCP W/ ERASURES FOR ERROR RATES 0-50 %. PERFORMANCE IS MUCH BETTER THAN SACK AND IS NEAR OPT THROUGHPUT / GOODPUT WERE MEASURED AT THE RECEIVER.

PARAMETER	ERROR RATE			
	0 %	10 %	20 %	30 %
Sender Throughput (Mbps)	9.987	9.95	9.34	4.72
Receiver Throughput (Mbps)	9.98	8.95	7.52	3.54
Goodput(Mbps)	9.527	6.62	4.77	2.04
95% CI Lower Bound (Goodput)	9.51	6.59	4.70	1.80
95 % CI Upper Bound (Goodput)	9.54	6.64	4.83	2.28
Number of Timeouts	0	34.7	238.3	789
Proactive FEC (%)	0	20	34	39
Reactive FEC (%)	0	7	11	13

Bursty cases: Gilbert ON-OFF model with loss probability $2p$ during the ON periods



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Issues and Future Work in CBMANETs

- “Done”:
 - TCP performance w/ significant residual erasure rates
 - Initial LT-TCP building block
- Future: Study Implications of CBMANETs:
- Future: Design TCP and cross-layer designs to operate well over such networks
 - Optimal division of functions between link/transport layers
 - » Control of MAC layer scheduling options guided by transport-layer goals
 - Effects of interference-induced erasures in unplanned/ad-hoc environments
 - Variability in delays, loss rates, capacity, path availability
 - » Size of buffer needed & buffer management strategy as a function of variability
 - Behavior in multi-hop wireless ad-hoc environments
 - » Erasure loss, congestion, limited buffering at each hop
 - Value of multi-path techniques:
 - » tolerance to disruption, potential for load-balancing and load-balancing
 - Issues with large bandwidth-delay products, large RTT (VCP- our recent sigomm paper)
 - » especially with significant residual loss rates
 - Customized protocols for QoS sensitive applications
 - » demonstrations, testbeds, field-trials

Needs a study of cross-layer design issues



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