

The logo for nLIGHT is displayed within a dark blue rectangular box. The letter 'n' is in a white, italicized serif font, while the letters 'LIGHT' are in a white, bold, sans-serif font.

n LIGHT

**SHEDs at nLight:
DARPA-Supported
Collaborative Technology Development**

Paul Crump

The content of this presentation has been cleared for public release, distribution unlimited

- **Introduction to nLight**
- **Collaborating with industry e.g nLight**
 - What nLight looks for
 - What nLight offers
- **DARPA SHEDs – case study**
 - Goals
 - Path followed
 - Example collaborations
 - Results obtained
 - Follow-on programs
- **Conclusions**

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Company

- Founded in 2000

Mission

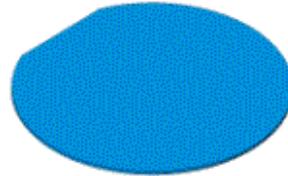
- Leading supplier of high power laser diodes for OEM applications

Products

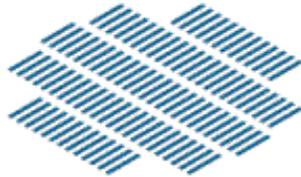
- 635 to 2100 nm laser diodes
- Broad range of packages and OEM optical assemblies



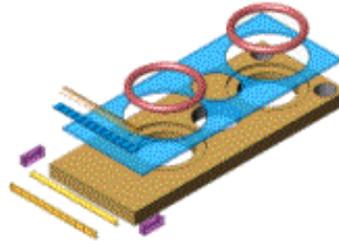
Wafers (3" GaAs)



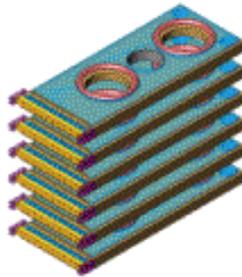
Wafer Processing



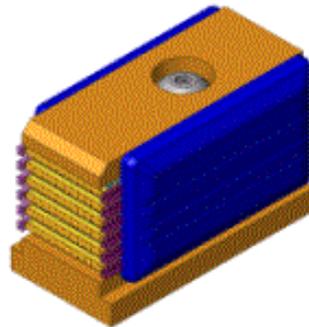
Bar Processing



Bar Assembly



Stack Assembly



Package Assembly

Front End Processes

- MOCVD
- Lithography
- Etch
- Metallization

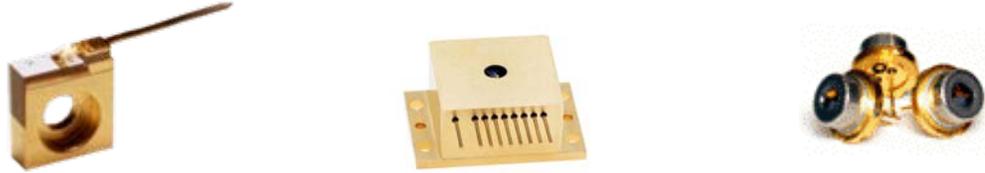
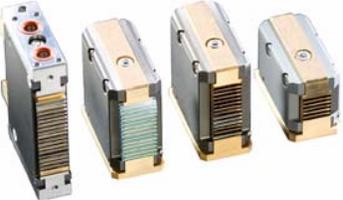
Back End Processes

- Cleaving
- Dielectric Coating
- Solder Deposition
- Die Attach
- Wire bond
- Test/burn-in

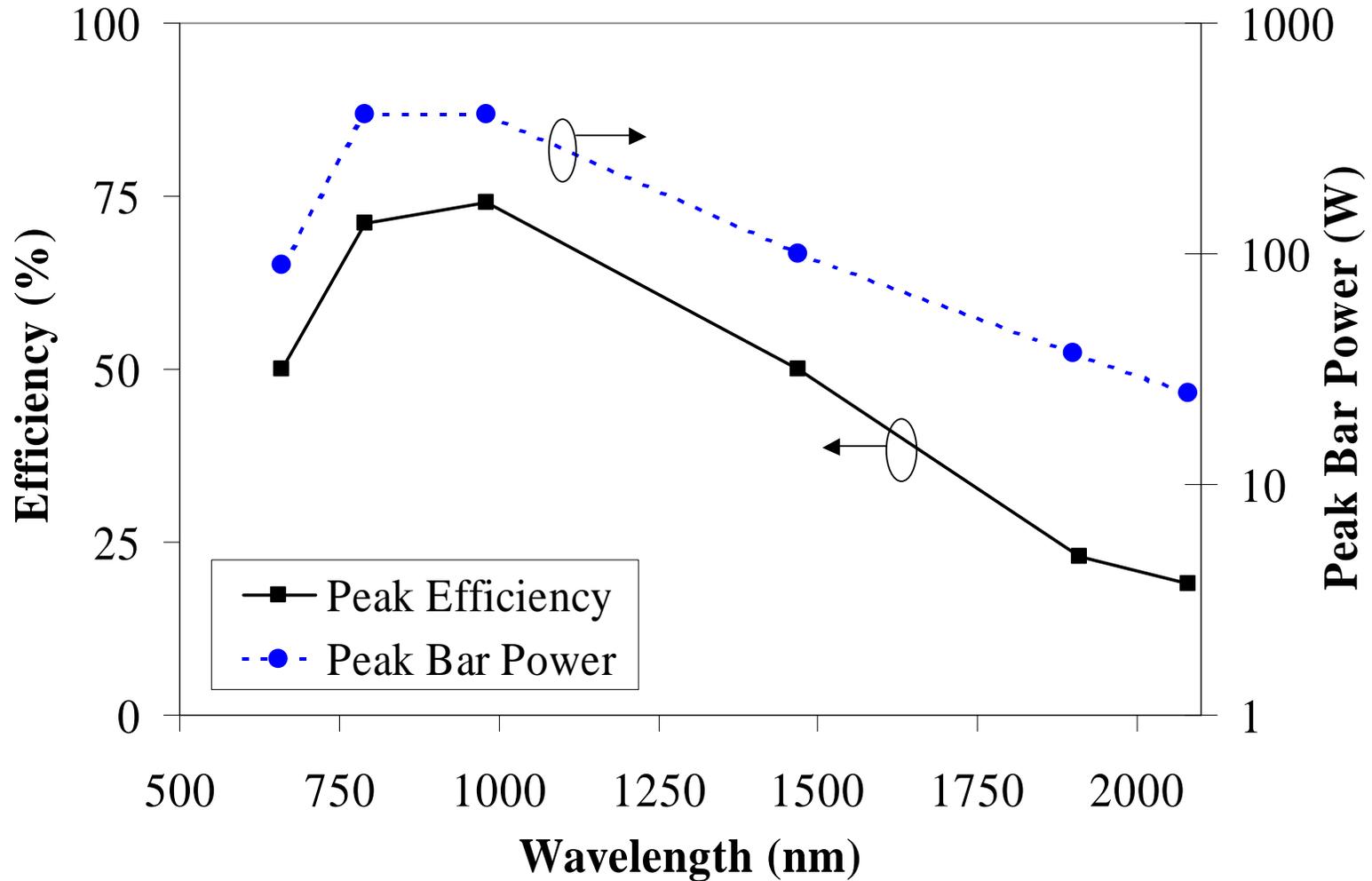
Packaging

- Microlens fabrication
- Lens attach
- Stack assembly
- Custom Packaging
- Test/burn-in

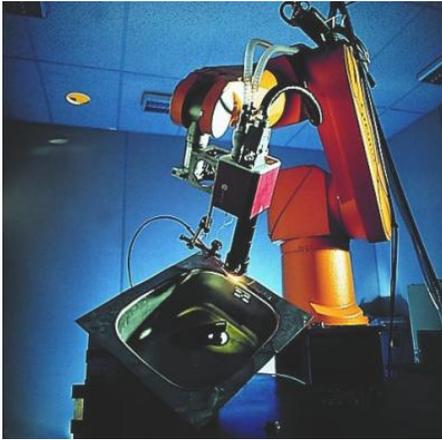
nLight's broad product range

Product category	nLight product platforms
Single Emitter Up to 7W	
Diode Arrays 10 to 100 Watts	
Stacks of Arrays 100W to multi-KW	

Wide Range of Powers, Wavelengths Available



Key applications today



Industrial

- Welding
- Marking
- Heat treating



Defense

- Aircraft defense
- Illumination
- Targeting



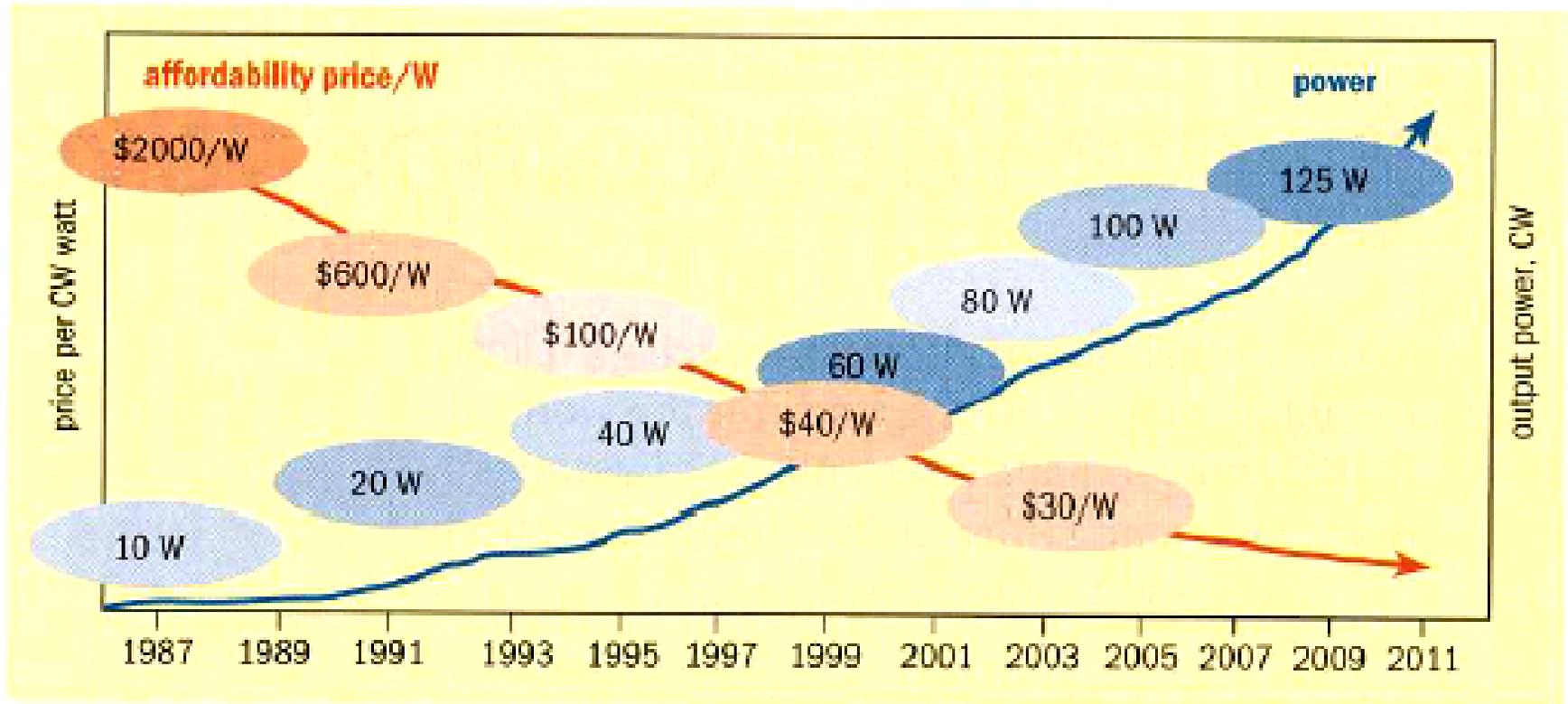
Consumer

- Mobile projection
- Rear projection TV
- Hand-held medical

Medical

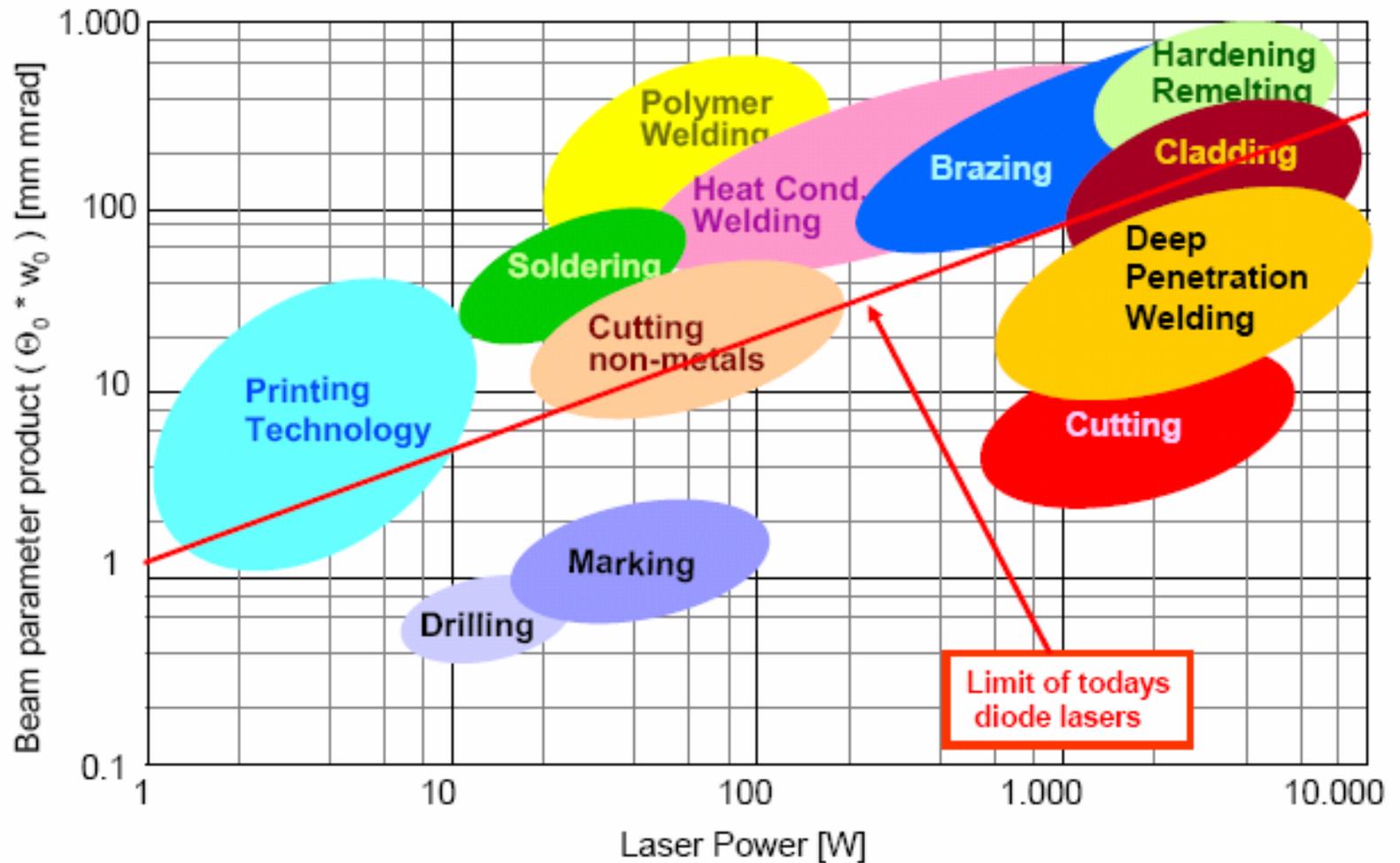
- Dermatology
- Oncology
- Dentistry

Diode Laser Bar Performance And Cost Rapidly Improving

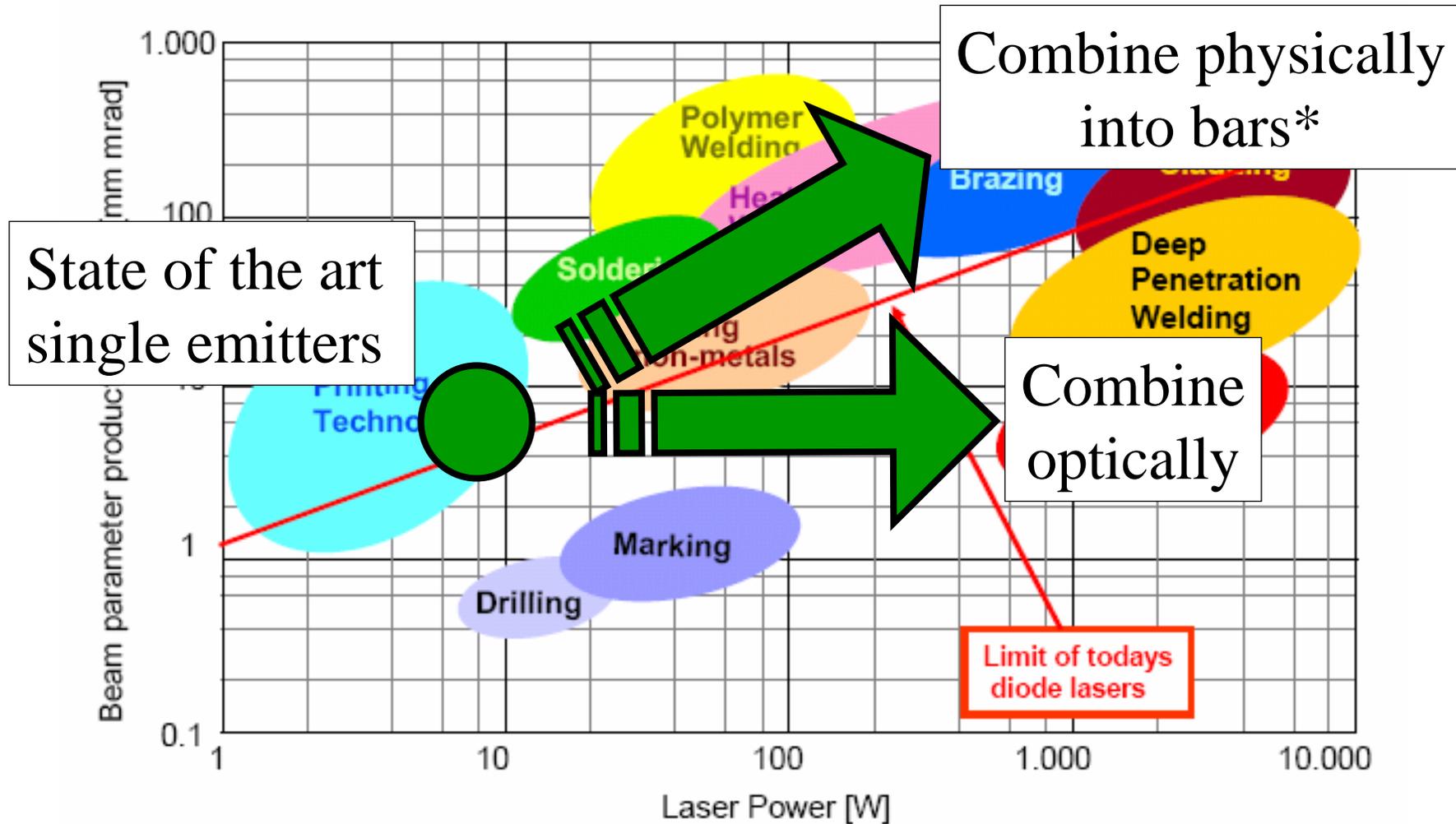


As power level per bar increases, \$/W falls

Segmentation of Market for Laser Material Processing



Single Emitters Allow Access to All These Markets



* *The focus in this presentation*

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What nLight Looks For

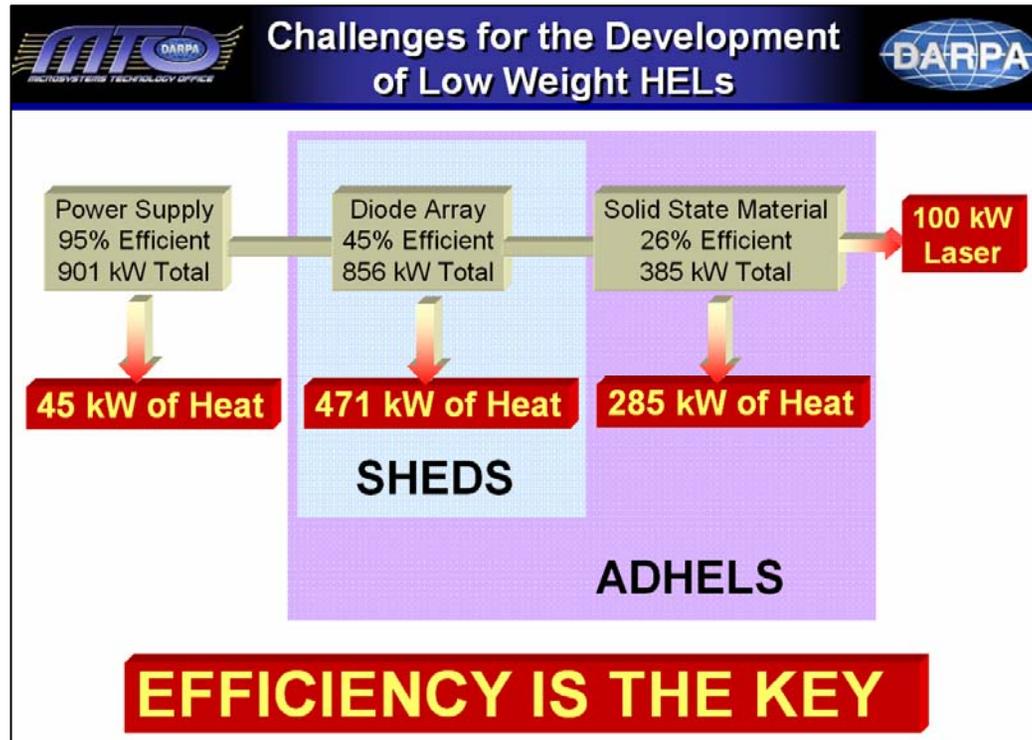
- **Commercial relevance**
 - Programs only exist where there is a clear route to product
 - Customer “pull” required – DoD, Prime contractor, commercial
 - Enable new market or address known issue with existing material
- **Technical plausibility**
 - Low risk items guarantee good progress against goals for DARPA
 - High risk items to show convincing, well worked route to far exceed goals
 - Careful diagnostics to ensure we are on the correct path
- **Access to skills outside nLight core competence**
 - Novel materials e.g. quantum dots, photonic crystals etc.
 - Novel diagnostic tools e.g. STM, cryogenic testing
 - Theoretical skills e.g. photonic bandgap calculations
- **Good contractors**
 - Timely, honest feedback and on-time completion of tasks
 - Realistic deliverables and timelines
 - Helpful technical feedback – especially when it won’t work
- **Success – to enable follow on contracts**

What nLight Offers

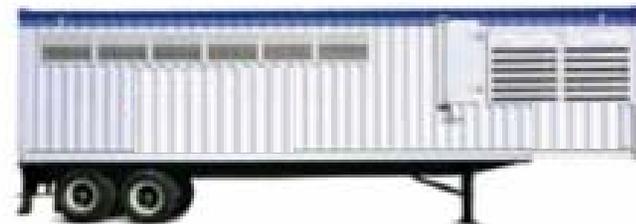
- **Path to Funding**
 - Many DoD grants require collaboration
- **Fertile source of technical challenges to overcome**
 - Understanding of issues that really limit industry
- **Market connection – route into commercialization**
 - Strong sales and development relationships in defense and commercial sectors
- **High quality material and processing**
 - Source of material, benchmark for development
- **Good collaborator**
 - Good track record of developing, commercializing novel products from programs
- **Employment**
 - Internships, full time positions for graduating students
- **Success – to lead to follow on programs**

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Rationale For SHEDs



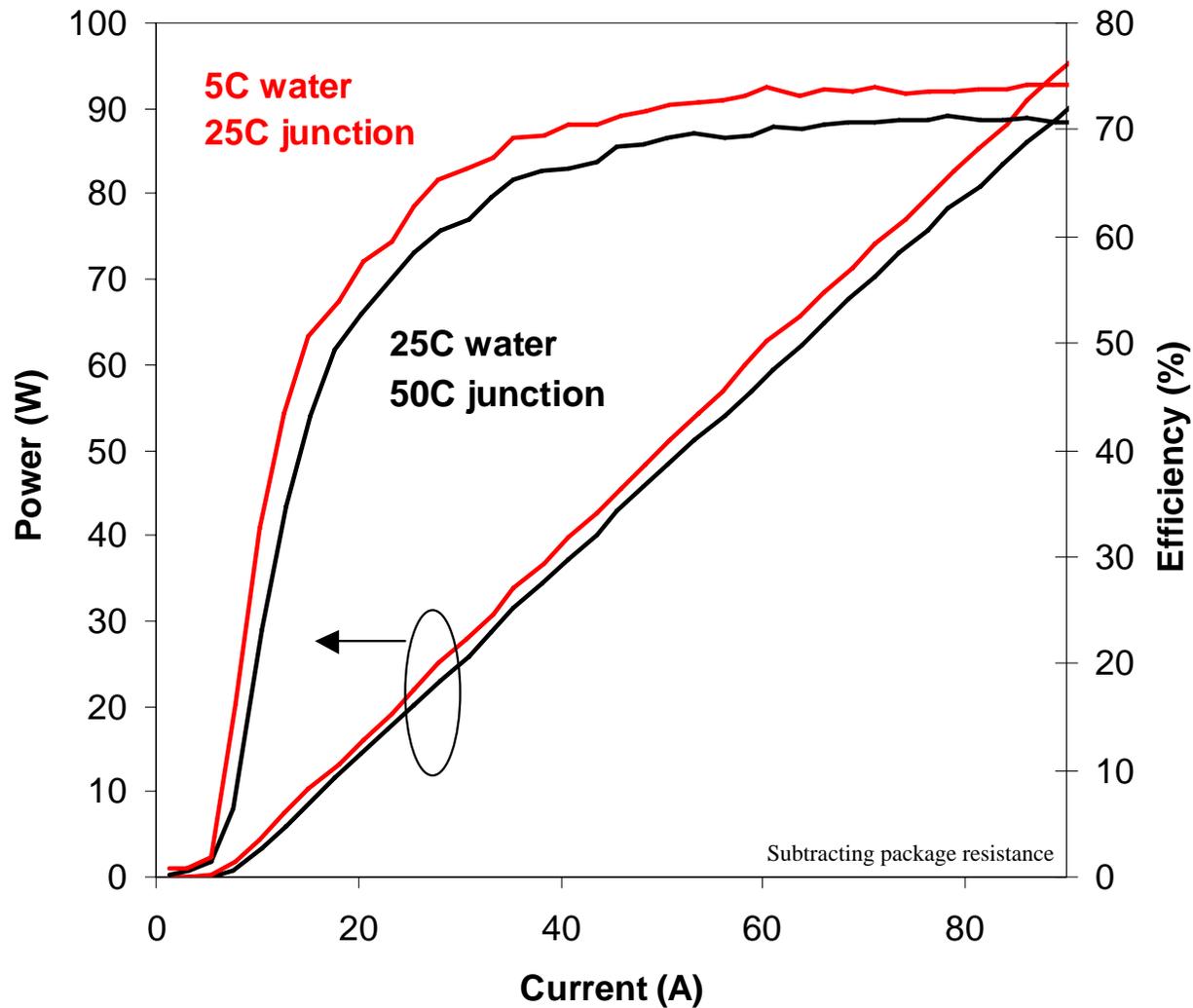
Commercially produced 700 kW refrigeration plant



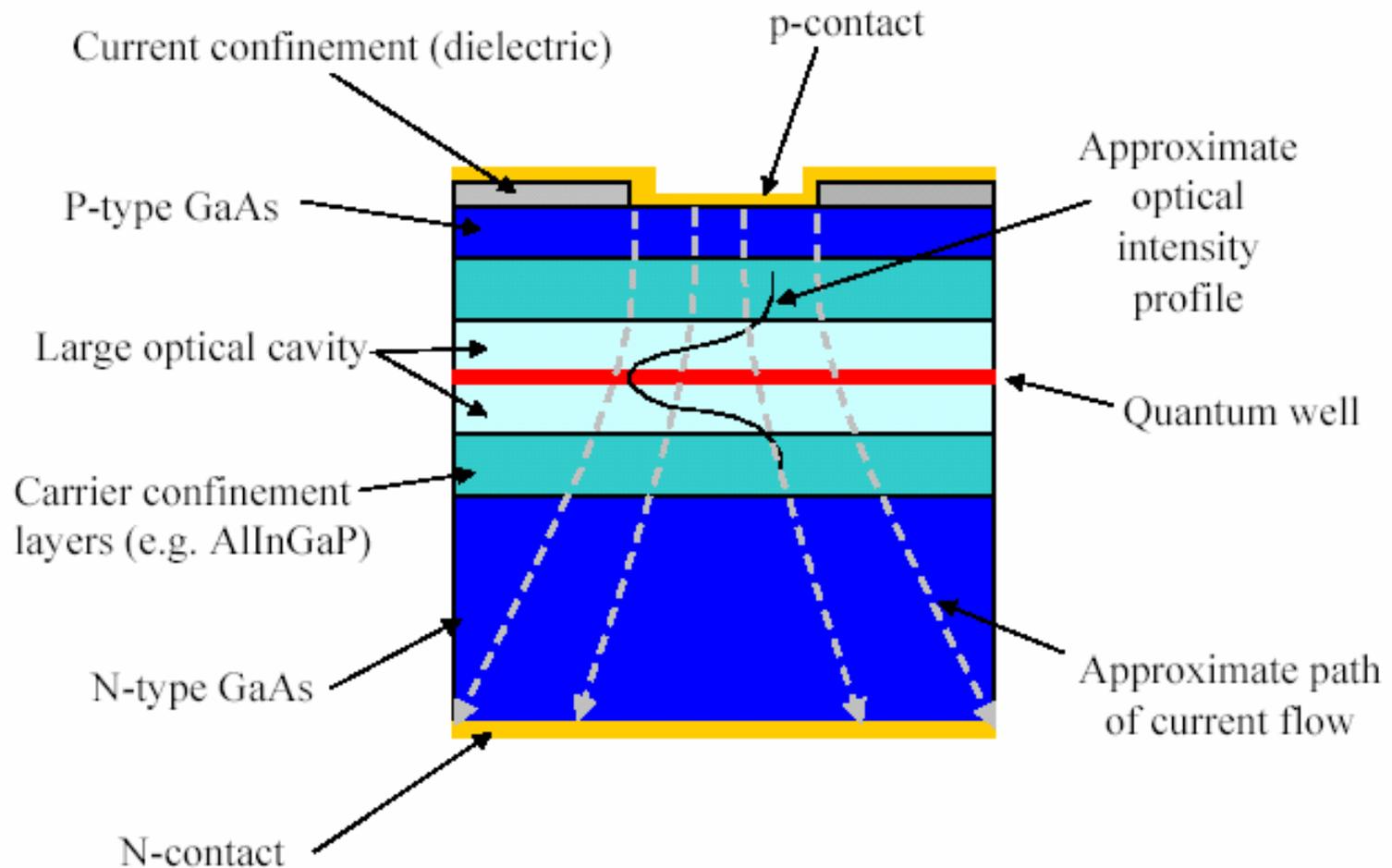
Commercially produced portable 1 MW electrical power supply

Attribute	Dec. 2003 Program Start	18 Mo. Goals	36 Mo. Goals
Bar Power Conversion Efficiency (PCE)	45%	65%	
Bar Power Output	80 W	80 W	
Spectral Width	5 - 10 nm	2 ± 1 nm	3 ± 1.5 nm
Junction Temperature		50°C	50°C
Stack Power Conversion Efficiency (PCE)	45%		80%
Stack Power	480 W		480 W

nLight Delivers > 70% Efficiency bars at Room Temperature

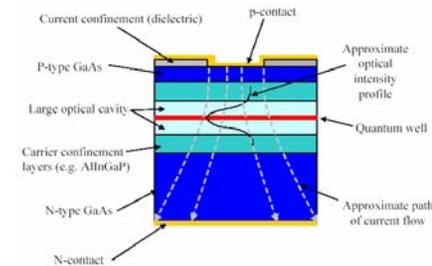


Laser Cross-Section



Overall Design Approach

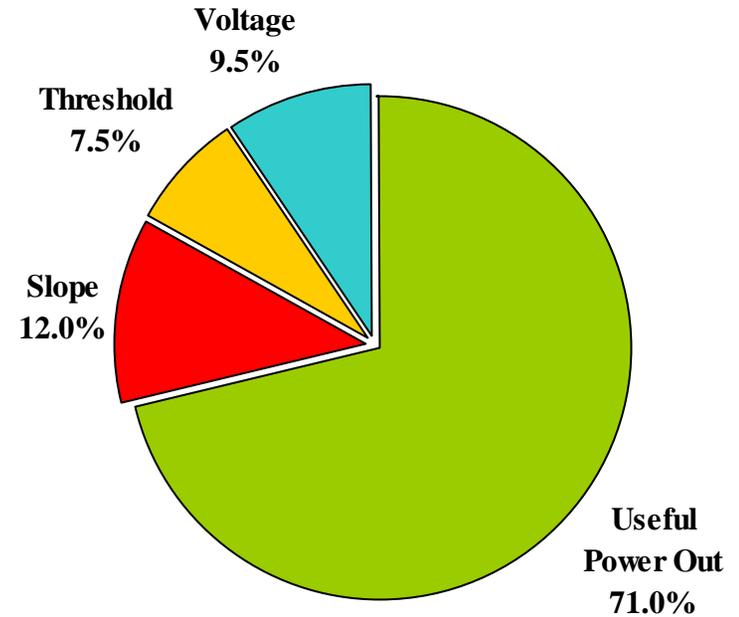
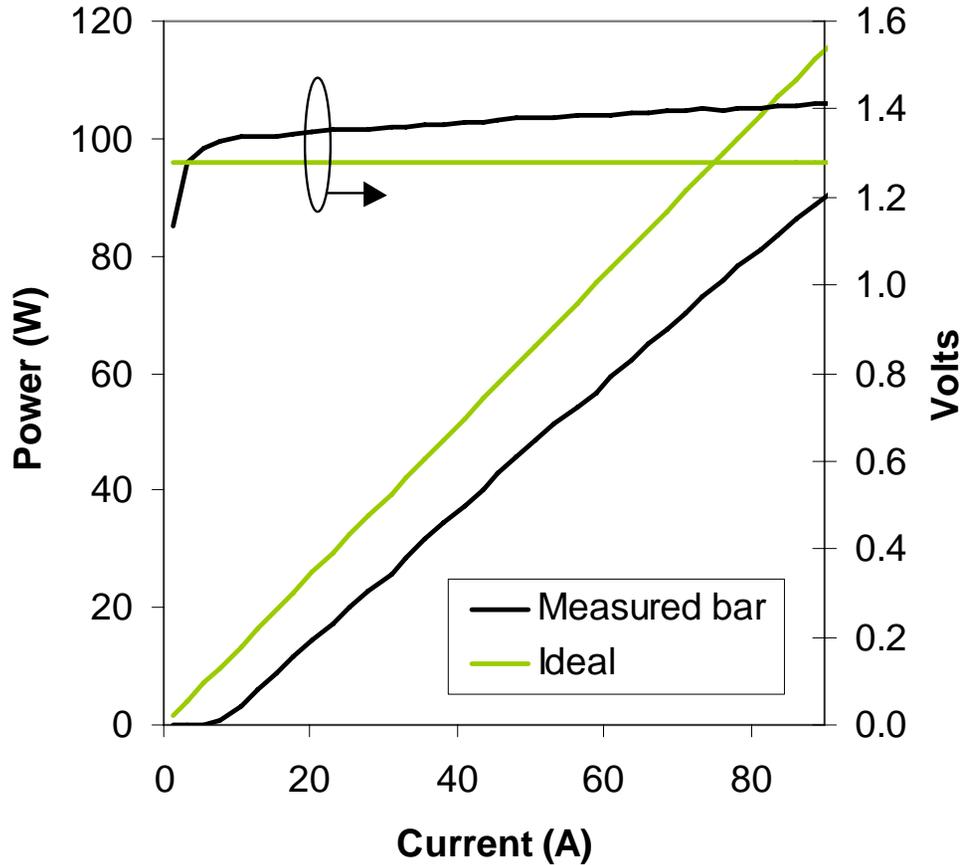
- **Break down all contributors to laser efficiency**
 - Characterize, model, optimize
- **Optimize materials and interfaces by experiment**
 - Contact / interface resistance
 - Bulk mobility
 - Low temperature photoluminescence
- **Systematic approach**
 - Rigorous physics-based modeling
 - Detailed root cause materials analysis
- **Use high performance facet passivation**
 - Open up design space



Collaborations Pursued

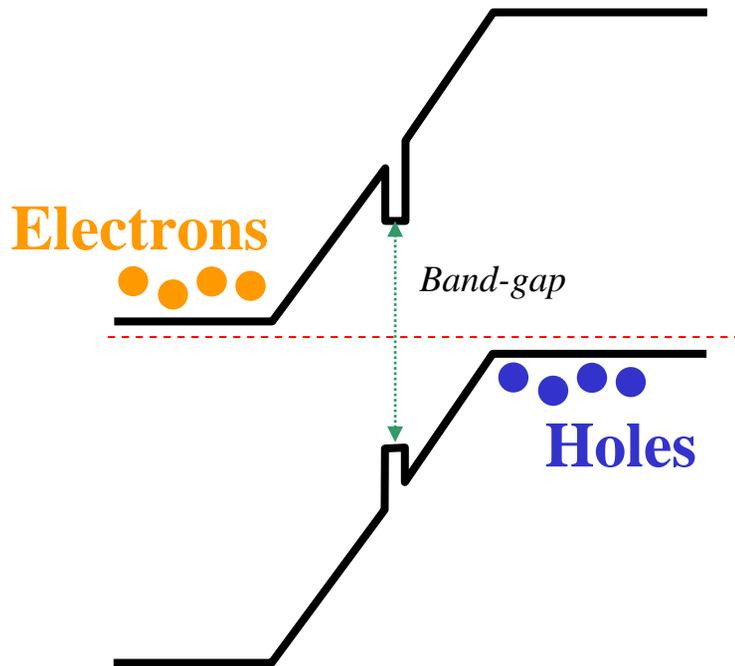
Benefit Sought	Technical Approach	Collaborators	Result
Low threshold	Photonic Crystals	2 external groups	No clear path to date to use in product
Low voltage	Edge Injection	1 external group	Hole mobility too low for overall benefit
	Eliminate Junction Voltages	1 external group	Success
Improved slope	"Optimize structure"	1 external groups	Success
Clear Route to Exceed Goals	Detailed Diagnostics	4 external groups	Success
	Theoretical analysis	3 external groups	Success

Remaining Limits to Efficiency

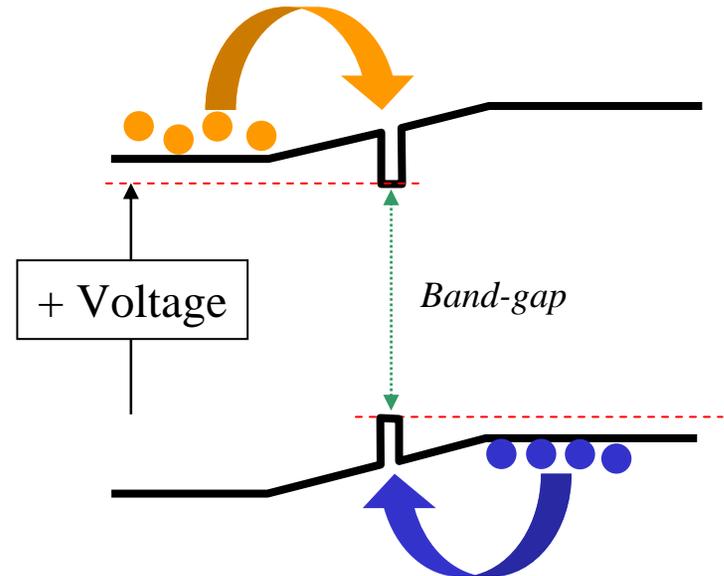


Key Term 1: Voltage Defect

No voltage

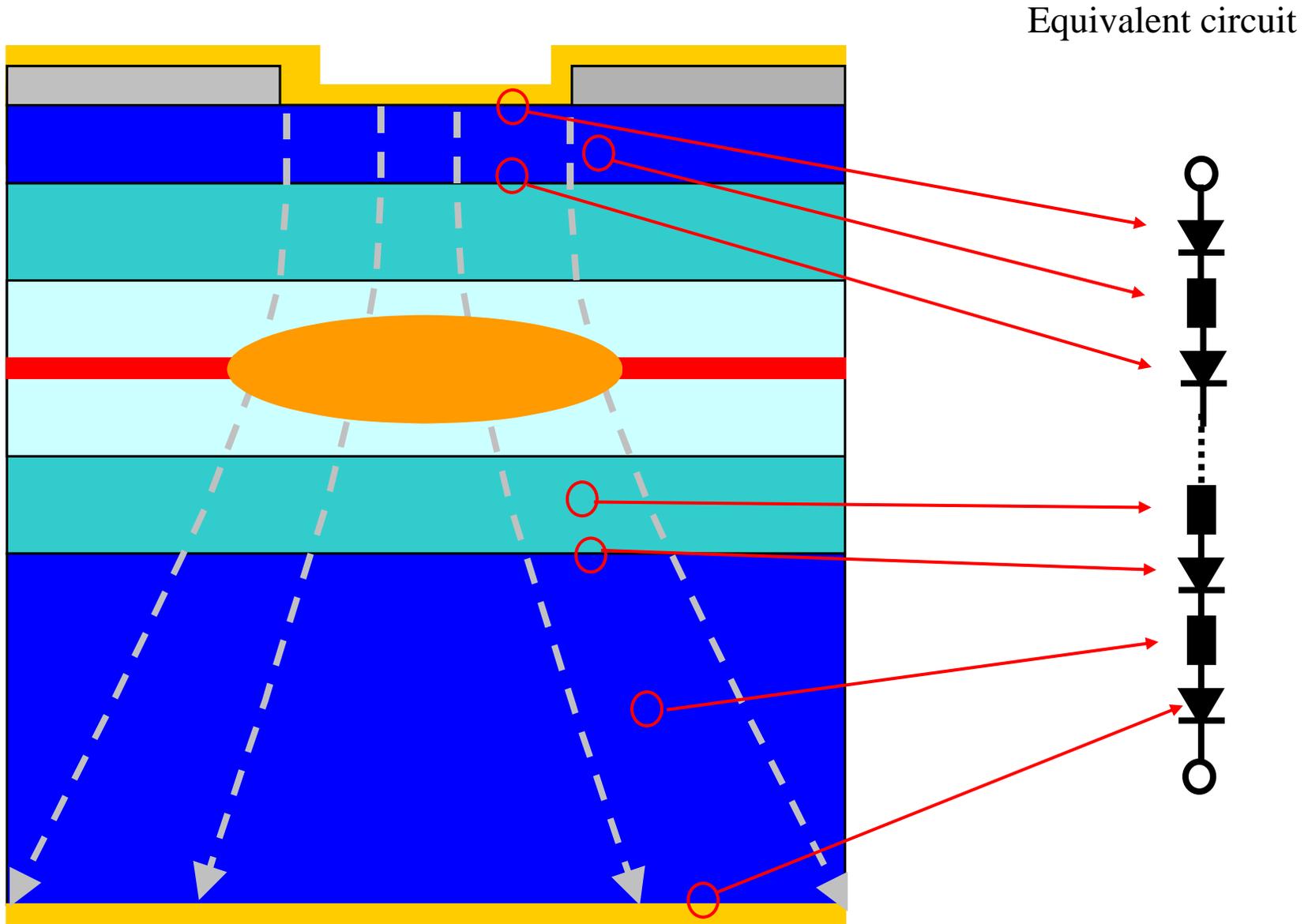


Minimum voltage for lasing

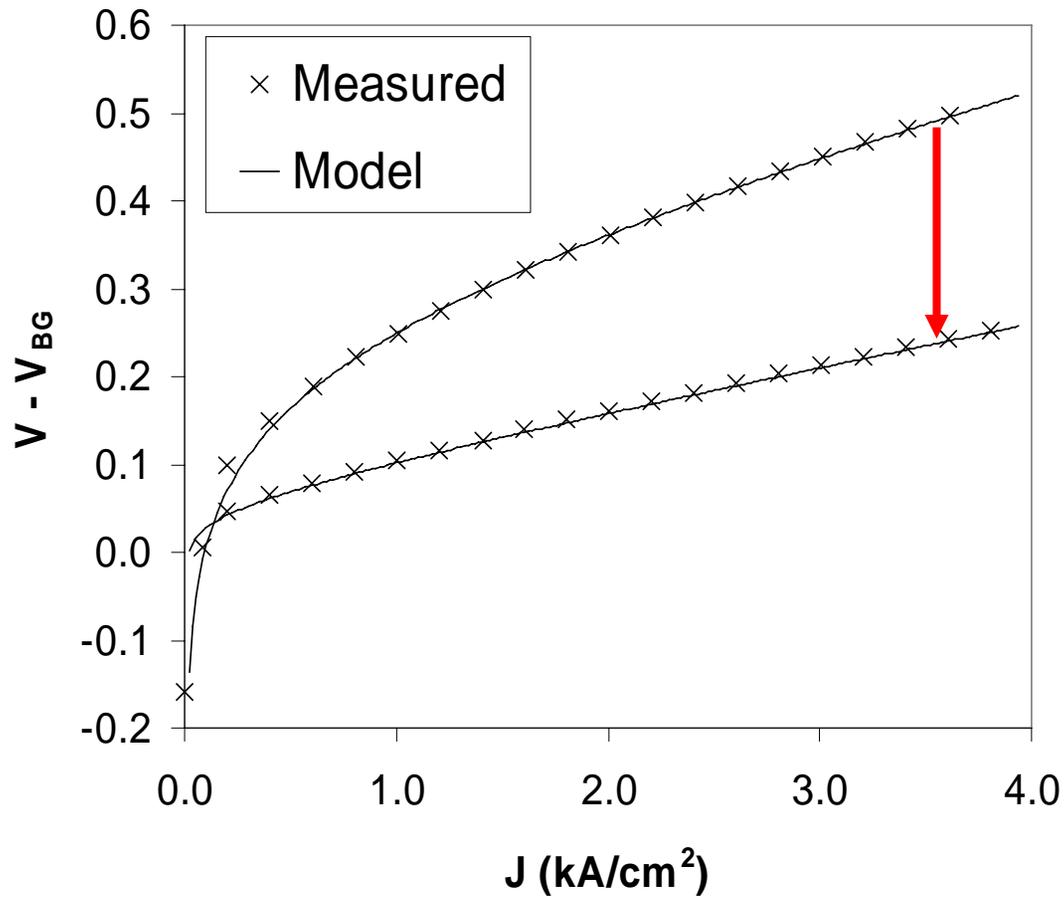


Minimum voltage is band-gap of quantum well
Any more is called the “voltage defect”

Every Laser Interface and Bulk Layer Adds Voltage

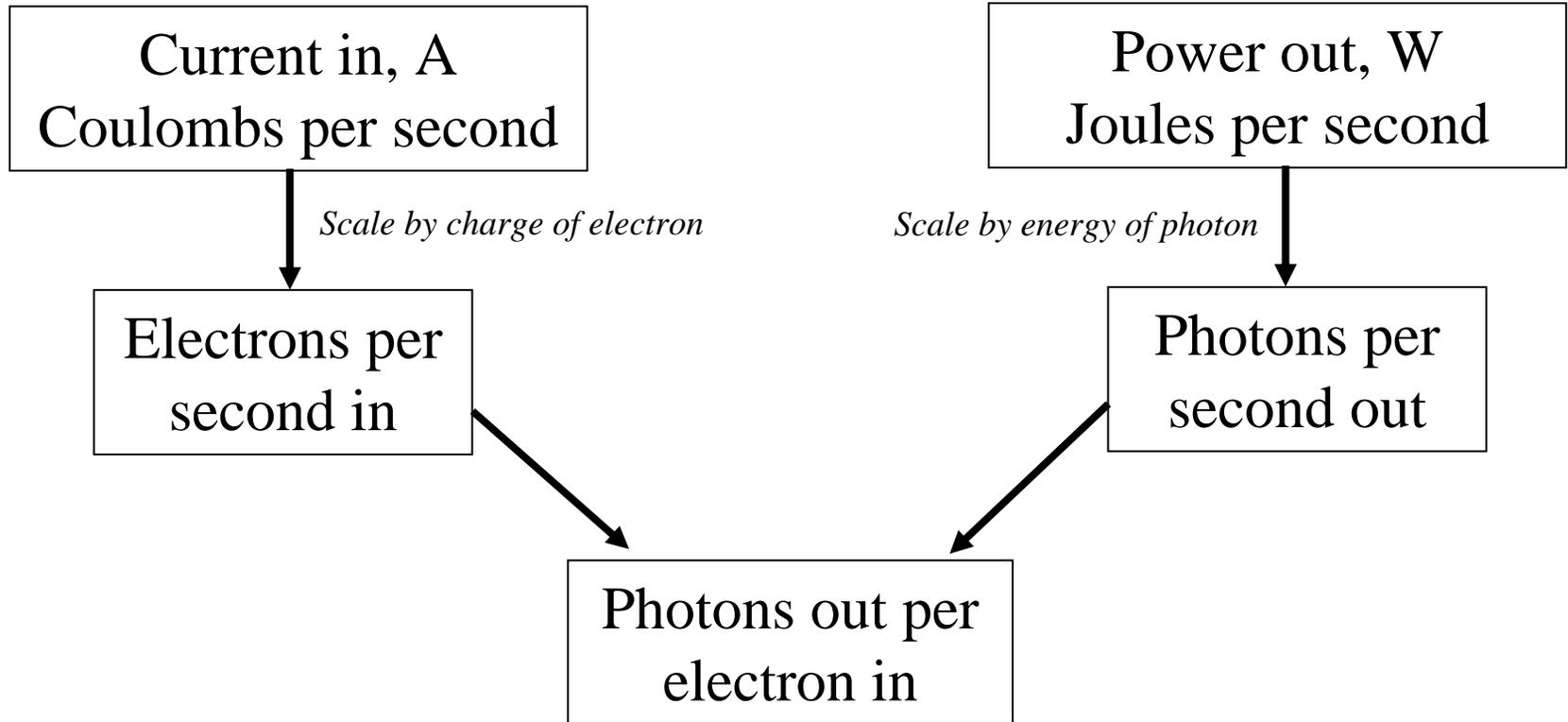
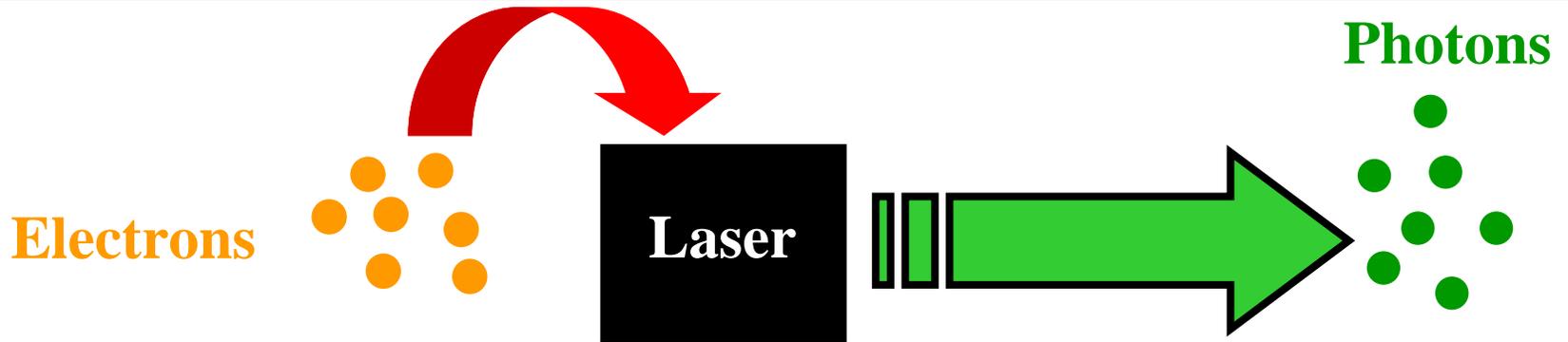


Minimize Junction Voltages

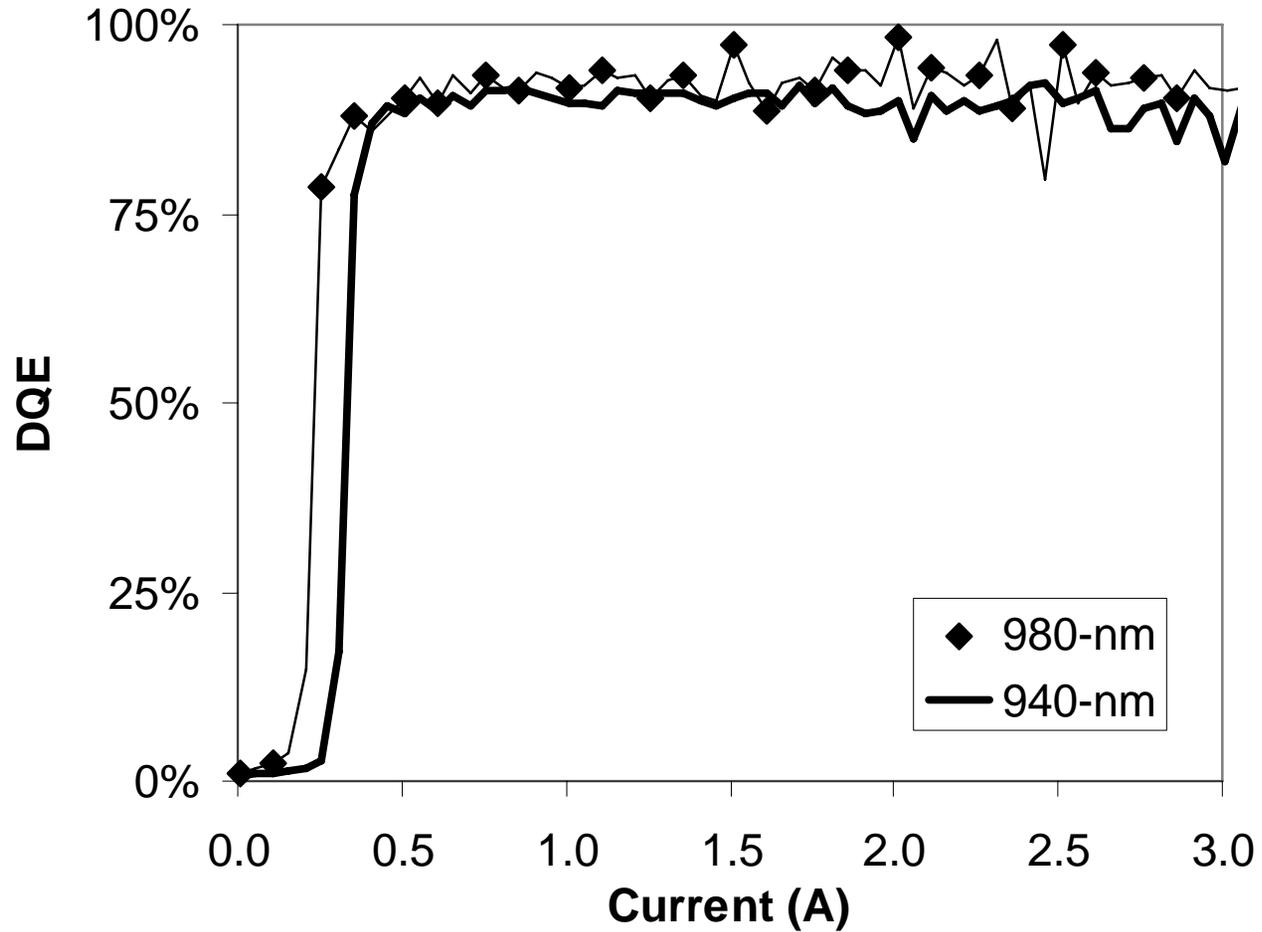
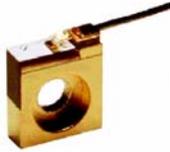


$$V = V_{BG} + \underbrace{\sum_i \sigma_i J}_{\text{Resistive Term}} + \underbrace{\sum_j V_j \ln\left(\frac{J}{J_j}\right)}_{\text{Diode Term}}$$

Key Term 2: Photons per Electron (DQE)



DQE ~ 90% Across Wavelength



Low Threshold Is Critical for Improvements in Slope Efficiency

$$\text{Slope} = \text{Energy per photon} \times \begin{array}{c} \% \text{ supplied} \\ \text{electrons} \\ \text{converted to} \\ \text{useful photons} \end{array} \times \begin{array}{c} \text{Fraction that} \\ \text{gets out} \\ \text{laser} \end{array}$$

Low Threshold Is Critical for Further Improvements in Efficiency

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\text{Energy per photon}}{\text{Energy per photon}} \times \frac{\% \text{ supplied electrons converted to useful photons}}{\% \text{ supplied electrons converted to useful photons}} \times \frac{\text{Fraction that gets out laser}}{\text{Fraction that gets out laser}}$$

Require $> 10^{18}\text{cm}^{-3}$ carriers in well to reach threshold

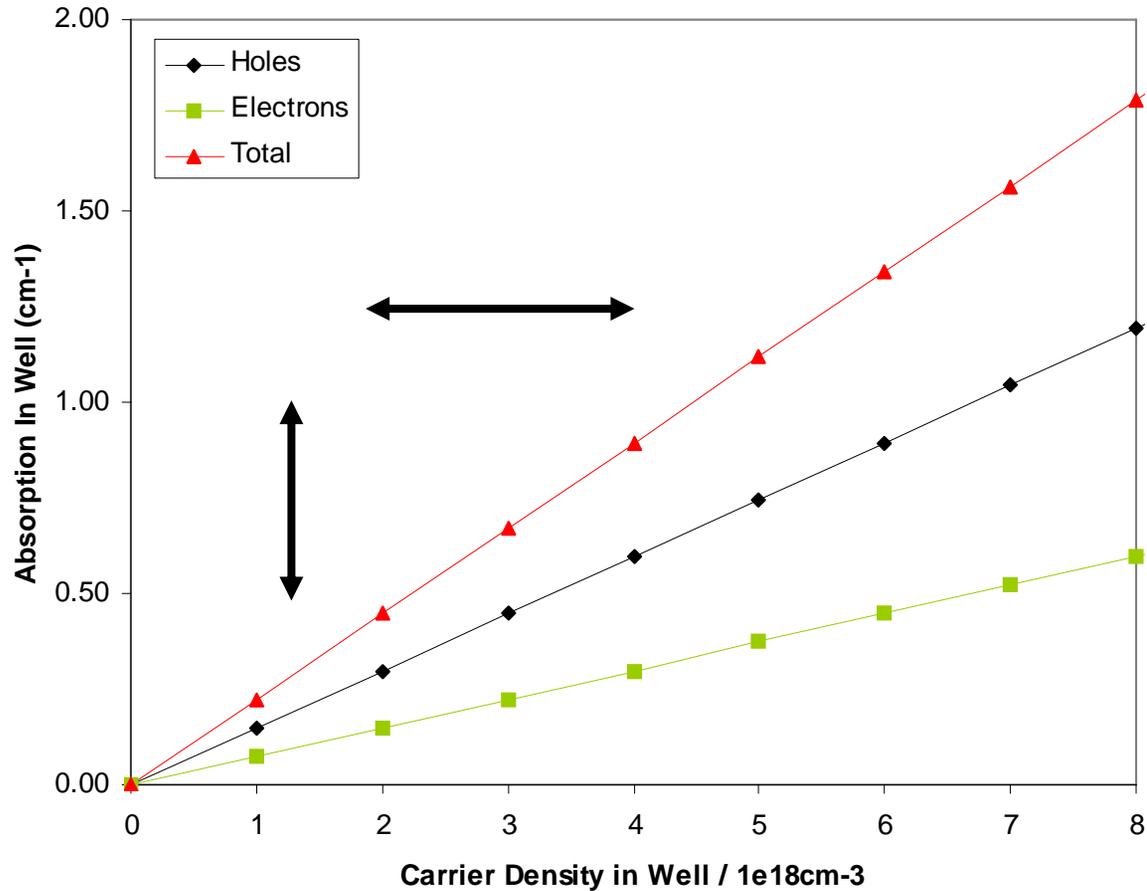


90% of absorption is in the well



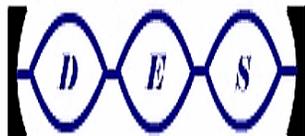
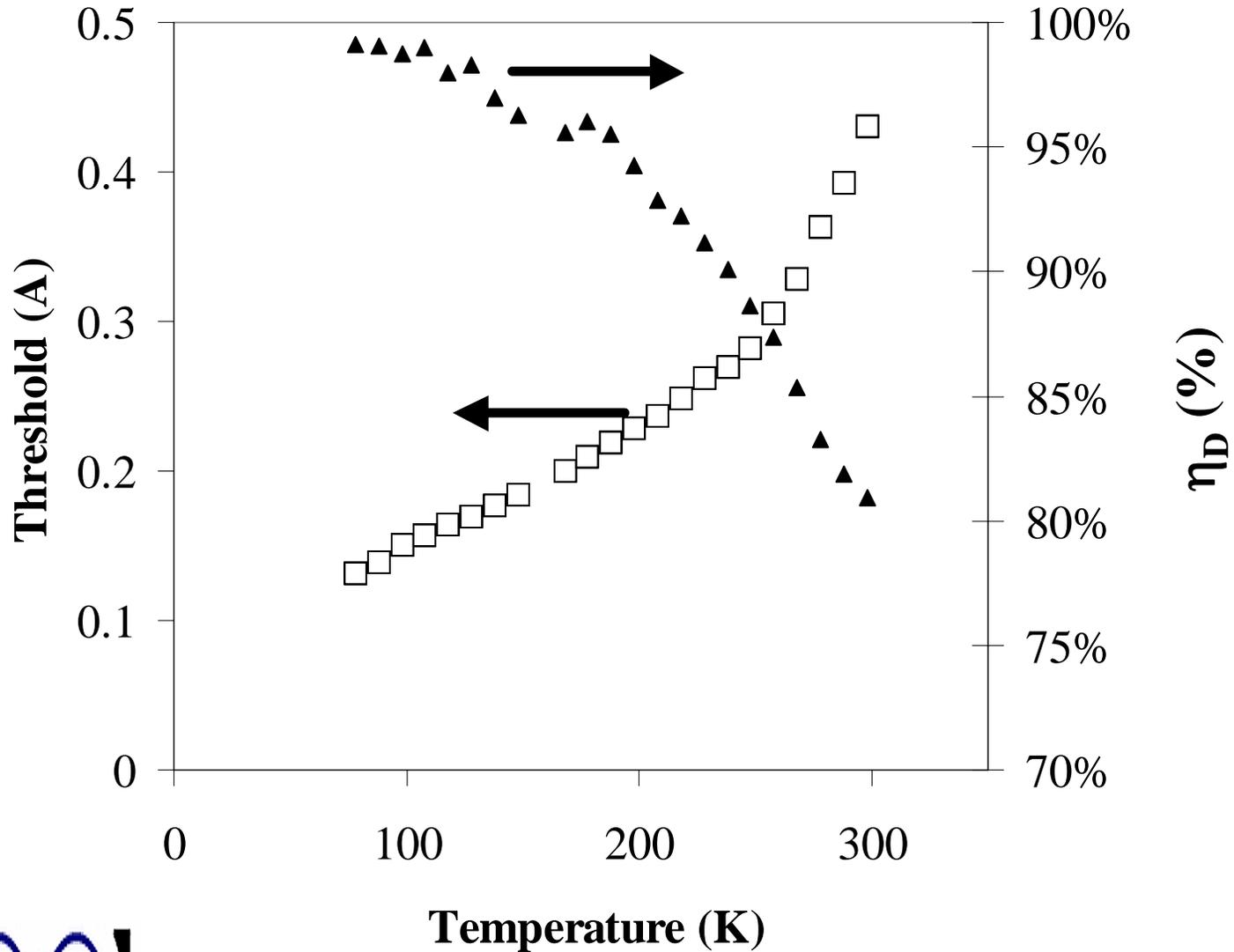
Reduce threshold by 50%, efficiency increased by 10%

Theory Supports Most Absorption Being In Well



Holes: 12cm^{-1} per 10^{18}cm^{-3} carriers
Electrons: 6cm^{-1} per 10^{18}cm^{-3} carriers

Cryogenic Testing Supports Most Absorption Being In Well



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- **University researchers are key parts of DARPA programs**
 - And many other DoD funded programs
- **nLight is keen to find good collaborators for future programs**
 - And to be a good collaborator!
- **DARPA SHEDs program at nLight had many benefits**
 - Significant progress in diode laser performance
 - Successful product release
 - Supported many Universities
 - Clear diagnosis on root causes and recommended next steps

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Seeking good collaborators, contractors

Also recruiting engineers, scientists, summer interns